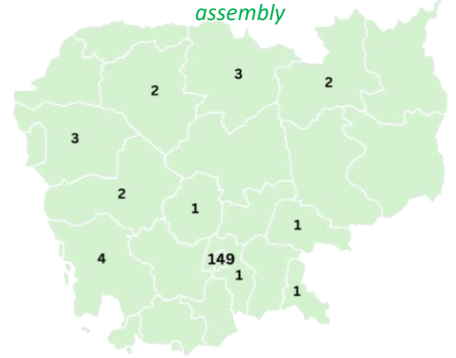


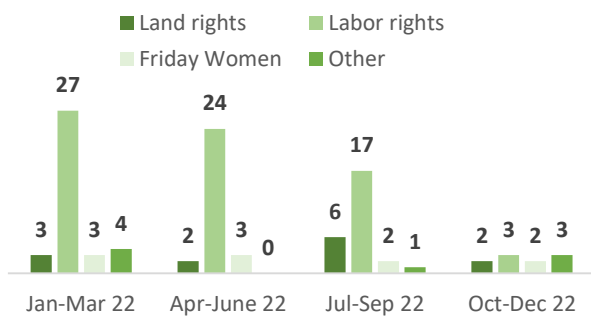
Freedom of assembly – January to December 2022 (Year Seven)

The Fundamental Freedoms Monitoring Project (FFMP) systematically monitors the ability of Cambodians to exercise the freedoms of association, expression and assembly. This dashboard presents the key findings on freedom of assembly from the FFMP's Seventh Annual Report. In 2022, the FFMP recorded 169 restrictions to the right to freedom of assembly, 131 (78%) of which were impermissible, thus amounting to violations. Phnom Penh saw 88% of the incidents (149).

Geographical mapping of incidents involving a restriction or violation of the right to freedom of assembly



Most assemblies were held to advocate for land rights and labor rights

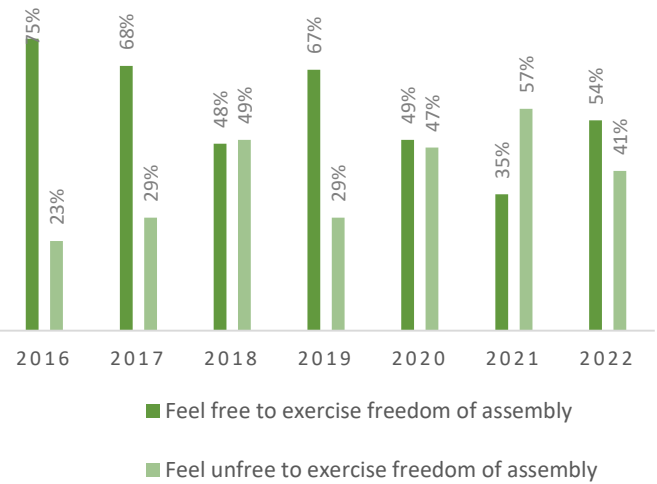


102 assemblies occurred in 2022, a decrease from 165 in 2021. Most incidents were related to the NagaWorld strike, the Friday Women-led assemblies, and events led by environmental or youth groups.

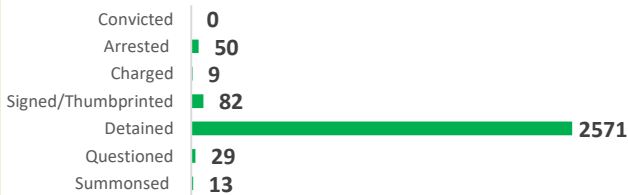
RGC continues to interfere or prohibit peaceful assembly



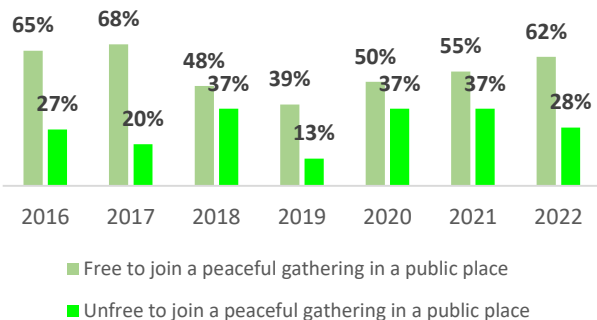
CSO and TU leaders feel freer to exercise their right to freedom of assembly than during the COVID-19 pandemic, but TU leaders feel significantly less free than CSO leaders



Criminal sanctions were imposed on individuals exercising their right to freedom of assembly



Individuals reported feeling freer to join peaceful gatherings in 2022 than in previous years



In 2022, 59% of TU leaders (38 of 65 surveyed) said they felt unfree to exercise right to freedom of assembly, 27% of CSO leaders (22 of 80 surveyed)

